#### Resident Experience on Transplant Surgery

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#### History

- · 10/06
- The Resident Review Committee (RRC) for Surgery proposed to eliminate the requirement for a rotation in transplant surgery by declassifying its status as "essential content."



#### **Basis of RRC concerns**

- Bad feedback from residents regarding rotations on transplant surgery:
  - No educational benefit,
  - Poor operative experience,
  - High Service : Education ratio,
  - Poor interaction with transplant attendings,
- Complaints from General Surgery Directors
  - Estimated 35% of programs must "farm out" residents
  - The education experience is poor

#### History (cont'd)

- 01/07
- American Board of Surgery, with input from the Transplant Advisory Council, opposed this proposal on the basis that transplant surgery has great potential to be an excellent academic and operative experience for the surgical residents, provided that Transplant Surgery Programs are willing to provide this experience to residents.
- The requirement will be left in place for an unspecified period of time (probably 2 yrs max) to allow Transplant Surgery programs to improve their resident experience.

#### **Situation Summary**

 The RRC will eliminate the requirement for residents to rotate on Transplant Surgery unless significant improvements in the national resident experience on Transplant Surgery is realized within the next 1-2 years



#### **Situation Analysis:**

- The RRC is highly motivated to eliminate transplant surgery as a requirement for training in general surgery.
- Part of the problem may be irresolvable, i.e. not all General Surgery programs have a Transplant Program, therefore "farm-outs" may be unavoidable.
- Ongoing ABS support is tenuous, and contingent on significant and immediate efforts being made to improve the resident experience on transplantation.

## Recommended Corrective Action Plan

- Address Resident Concerns
  - "No educational benefit"
  - "Poor operative experience"
  - "High Service: Education ratio"
  - "Poor interaction with transplant attendings"



#### **Address Resident Concerns**

# No educational benefit

- Poor operative experience
- High Service : Education ratio
- Poor interaction with transplant attendings



#### Improve Educational Benefit

- Rotation Objectives
- Rotation Curriculum
- Rotation Evaluation (2-way)



#### **Rotation Objectives**

- Must be defined based on:
  - (a) what general surgeons need to know about organ transplantation and transplant surgery (SCORE curriculum + ASTS curriculum)
  - (b) core competencies
  - (c) level of training (R1-R5, urology)
- Must be made available to the residents prior to their beginning the rotation (Orientation Session)

#### Curriculum

- Define and *Provide* Essential Curriculum required to meet objectives.
  - Essential Knowledge
  - Non-Operative Clinical Experience
  - Operative Experience



#### **Essential Knowledge**

- Define
- Provide



#### Essential Knowledge - Define SCORE curriculum

- Comprehensive Knowledge:
  - End-stage renal disease
  - End-stage liver disease
- Sufficient Knowledge
  - Organ Rejection
- Knowledge
  - Donor nephrectomy
  - Donor hepatectomy
  - Renal transplant
  - Renal-Pancreas transplant
  - En-bloc abdominal organ retrieval
  - Liver transplant
  - Pancreas transplant



### **Essential Knowledge - Define SCORE curriculum**

- Take advantage of the aspects of the transplant experience that are not listed under organ transplantation
  - Vascular Access
  - Vascular Surgery
  - Hepatobiliary Surgery
  - Surgery Critical Care\*



#### **Essential Knowledge - Provide**

- Interactive teaching by Attendings who show up and teach (minimum 1 hr /week):
  - Lectures, Seminars, Journal Clubs
- Passive teaching:
  - Website, Handouts, Handbook



#### Curriculum

- Define and Provide Essential Curriculum required to meet objectives.
  - Essential Knowledge
  - Non-Operative Clinical Experience
  - Operative Experience



#### **Non-Operative Clinical Experience**

- Define SCORE + ASTS curriculae
- Provide
  - Mandate exposure to clinical experiences with educational merit (1 on 1 with attending surgeons who teach).
    - Out-Patient clinic (1 half-day per week with attending)
    - In-Patient problem-based management (daily teaching rounds with attending)
  - Minimize exposure to clinical experiences without educational merit.
    - Eliminate resident service component
    - Use physician extenders
    - · Re-orient colleagues, fellows, nurses,



#### **Essential Operative Experience**

#### • DEFINE -

- All surgical procedures have education merit
  - Take advantage of special opportunities for general surgery training on transplant i.e. Multiorgan donors, Vascular surgery, vascular access, hepatobiliary surgery, etc.

#### PROVIDE –

- Residents should actively participate, in some way, in every surgical procedure performed based on their level of training.
- Residents should be assigned to specific surgical procedures, or parts of specific surgical procedures.
- Fellow "buy in" essential.



#### **Address Resident Concerns**

- No educational benefit
- Poor operative experience
- High Service : Education ratio
- Poor interaction with transplant attendings



#### "POOR OPERATIVE EXPERIENCE"

#### RECOMMENDATIONS:

- A resident should participate in every single surgical procedure.
- Residents should be assigned to specific procedures.
- Residents scrubbed in for surgery, should be active participants in the surgical procedure, or parts of the procedure based on their level of training.



#### **Address Resident Concerns**

- No educational benefit
- Poor operative experience
- High Service: Education ratio
- Poor interaction with transplant attendings



#### "HIGH SERVICE:EDUCATION RATIO"

#### RECOMMENDATIONS:

- Traditional role of residents (junior or senior)
   housestaff as service "maintenance monkeys" must
   be eliminated. (buy-in from attendings, fellows,
   nurses)
- Careful analysis of tasks assigned resident based on service:education ratio.
- Reassignment of essential tasks with little for no educational value. i.e. Physician assistants, Nurse practictioners, etc.
- Limit inpatient workload to remove impediments for achieving other key resident objectives i.e. OR experience, multiorgan donor procurements, OP clinics.

#### **Address Resident Concerns**

- No educational benefit
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### "POOR INTERACTION WITH TRANSPLANT ATTENDINGS",

#### RECOMMENDATIONS:

- Daily problem based interactions (i.e. teaching rounds) between transplant attending and *residents*.
- Regular (minimum weekly) educational sessions for residents + transplant attending.
- Mandate resident OR and OP clinic time to coincide with most optimal encounters with transplant attending.
- When with residents, Teach!



#### **Ongoing Performance Evaluation**

- Evaluate Resident's performance:
  - Quiz (Before vs After rotation)
  - 360 degree evaluation
- Have residents evaluate your performance:
  - Case log (how many cases did they participate in?)
  - Mid rotation + Exit survey and/or interview (Are the rotation objectives being met? If not, what were the impediments?).
  - Listen to their concerns and respond

### Optimal Resident Experience Summary

- Define resident rotation objectives, curriculum, and evaluation tools.
- Establish regular interactive teaching sessions.
- Relieve resident's of service responsibilities universal buy-in.
- Get residents into the OR and let them operate.
- Assign residents to specific cases, appropriate to their level.
- Get residents to go on multiorgan doné

### Optimal Resident Experience Summary

- Increase interactive attending-resident encounters and use these opportunities to teach.
- Empower fellows to teach residents.
- Get ongoing feedback from residents and respond to concerns.



#### CONCLUSION

- To retain transplant's status as an essential component of resident training requires a significant paradigm shift in our traditional view of the role of residents.
- This must be implemented immediately.
- This will only happen if it clearly embraced by individual program leadership.

